

*Pratts Bottom Primary School*  
*What we are learning this term*

Class: Hedwig

Topic: Coasts

Term: Spring

**Curriculum Rationale:** At Pratts Bottom Primary School, we want our children to experience a broad, relevant and enriching curriculum that prepares them for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life. This involves **learning about our own locality and its history** as well developing an **understanding of other UK and global communities**, which are characterised by a **diversity** of ethnicity, religious belief, culture and custom.

**Learning Outcomes for the topic. By the end of the topic the children will:**

- Name and locate (some) counties and cities of the UK.
  - Learn about key topographical or physical features of coasts to understand how some of these aspects developed and have changed over time.
  - Understand similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the UK (SW England) and a region in a European country (Costa Blanca, Spain).
  - Describe and understand key aspects of the human geography of coasts, including:
    - Types of settlement and land use, economic activity and safety.
    - Consider tourism, as both an economic and a pleasurable activity.
    - Think about the future and the effects climate change, rising sea levels and pollution, especially by plastics, are already having.

| Historical or Geographical Skills  | Developing cultural awareness  | High quality writing   |   |               |
|--|--|--|---|---------------|
| Geographical <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use geographical vocabulary, eg. land use, settlement etc.</li> <li>• Locate coasts using world maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to and to describe features studied.</li> <li>• To use simple geographical equipment, eg. Compasses.</li> </ul> | Compare contrasting coasts around the world, including a region of the UK to a region in a European country (Costa Blanca, Spain). | Write an advert for a studied coastal town, referring to tourism, activities that take place in that location and features of the landscape.               |   |               |
|  | High quality artwork linked to an artist   | Knowledge  |   |               |
|  | Study the artist Eileen Downes and her collage method of creating art, then create a collage artwork of the coast.                 | Vocabulary   | Key places  | Key people    |
|  |  | Beach<br>Cliff<br>Coastline<br>Tourism<br>Mediterranean<br>Harbour<br>Peninsula<br>Settlement<br>Physical features<br>Human features<br>Great Barrier Reef | Costa Blanca<br>Mediterranean coast<br>South West England<br>Great Barrier Reef | Eileen Downes |

## CORE subjects:

| English   | Maths   | Science: Spring 1: Animals including humans. Spring 2: Rocks  |
|---|---|---|
| <p><b>By the end of the term we will the children will be able to:</b></p> <p>Children will be studying the book 'Charlotte's Web' throughout the Spring term (please ensure children don't read the book!)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Write an information text about raising a runty pig, focusing on generalisers, commas to mark clauses and lists.</li><li>- Write an adventure story focusing on three actions in a list and dialogue.</li><li>- Write the next chapter of the book focusing on using paragraphs and vocabulary to shift the mood of the writing.</li><li>- Write a discussion text using formal language and using connecting words.</li><li>- Write a lullaby poem using effective rhyming words and to punctuate the poem correctly.</li><li>- Write an obituary focusing on writing emotively and using tense appropriately.</li></ul> | <p><b>By the end of the term we will the children will be able to:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Use the formal written methods of multiplication and division.</li><li>• Solve correspondence and scaling problems.</li><li>• Measure, compare and find equivalent lengths for mm, cm, m and km.</li><li>• Calculate and compare perimeter and area.</li><li>• Recognise unit and non-unit fractions, fractions on a number line and count in fractions.</li><li>• Recognise and make equivalent fractions.</li><li>• Calculate fractions of an amount.</li><li>• Add and subtract fractions.</li><li>• Measure and compare mass and capacity.</li><li>• Understand tenths and hundredths as fractions and decimals.</li><li>• Divide 1 and 2 digit numbers by 10 and 100.</li></ul> | <p><b>By the end of the term we will the children will be able to:</b></p> <p><b>Animals including humans:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat.</li><li>• Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.</li></ul> <p>Working scientifically, children will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Record using drawings.</li><li>• Use evidence to give a scientific conclusion.</li></ul> <p><b>Rocks</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties.</li><li>• Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock.</li><li>• Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.</li></ul> <p>Working scientifically, children will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Make careful observations.</li><li>• Set up simple comparative tests.</li><li>• Use scientific equipment such as beakers and syringes.</li></ul> |